

## MEDICAL JEOPARDY

This is a Medical Jeopardy game with rules similar to Jeopardy on television. Use 3x5 cards with a hole punched in one end on a bulletin board for the game board. Each contestant will need a bell to ring in. It's hard to get the kids to wait for the question to finish before ringing the bell, so it will help to have an extra judge for that.

Below are the questions sorted into categories.

Rich Escallier

### HURRY CASES

Q. This is the first thing you check when you find an unconscious victim

A. Are they breathing.

Q. The answer to these three questions should be part of any call to 911.

A. Who, what and where.

Q. This hurry case may remind you of a pirate flag.

A. Internal poisoning. Poison Control Center: 1-800-764-7611.

Q. An Injured rescuer will do this to an emergency scene.

A. Greatly complicate it.

Q. In this hurry case a person maybe holding his fist where

A. Clenched & by his chest.

Q. This hurry case may look like someone is sleeping.

A. Stopped breathing. or Heart Attack

Q. This hurry case victim will be clutching his throat.

A. Choking.

Q. This hurry case is usually treated with direct pressure.

A. Severe bleeding

## BURNS

Q. Sunburn is classified as this type of burn.

A. Partial thickness or 1st degree

Q. Partial thickness is the new term for these types of burns.

A. First and second degree burns.

Q. Butter is the best treatment for this type of burn.

A. Toast (the only thing burned you put butter on is toast).

Q. This type of burn travels through the body.

A. Electrical.

Q. This type of burn does not involve heat

A. Chemical.

Q. This type of burn may not be painful because the nerves have been destroyed.

A. Full thickness or third degree.

Q. Although small in surface area, this type of burn is very, very serious.

A. Burns to the face, nose or mouth.

## SHOCK

Q. When a person doesn't have enough of this it is called shock

A. Blood Flow.

Q. Because the heart is trying to get blood to all parts of the body, & there isn't enough, it does this

A. Beats faster.

Q. A person in shock will feel thirsty because...  
A. The body is trying to replace the blood it has lost.

Q. A person in shock may feel dizzy or confused because  
A. He is not getting enough blood flow (oxygen) to his brain

Q. Making sure that this stays open is one of the 5 treatments for shock.  
A. Airway

## Sprains & Strains

Q. This is a piece of grissel like stuff that holds 2 bones together in your body.

A. Ligament

Q. This looks like a rope, it is at the end of a muscle & it holds one muscle to a bone or to another muscle.

A. Tendon

Q. This is an injury that involves the ligaments.

A. Strain.

Q. This is an injury that involves the muscles or tendons

A. Sprain

Q. This is why you should not take your shoe off if you're on a hike & you sprain your ankle.

A. You may not be able to get it back on & Your shoe will offer some type of support

## Bites & Stings

Q. This is found in most coolers and will help the pain of a bee sting, partly because it slows the venom's spread.

A. Ice.

Q. A good way to remove a bee stinger.

A. Scratch it off with a credit card or fingernail.

Q. True or false: If you wander into a bee's nest, running away is a good idea.

A. True.

Q. If chased by African killer bees and you jump into the water, will they go away?

A. No They will wait for up to 30 minutes (This is from the Discovery Channel),

Q. This insect could leave its mouth parts in your skin if you squeeze, twist or jerk it out. A. A tick. Grasp it with a tweezers close to the skin and gently pull until it comes loose, then put it on a marshmallow, put the marshmallow on a stick and toast (with four or more, you can make smores)

## BLEEDING

Q. This will control most bleeding.

A. Direct pressure.

Q. This area is one that direct pressure SHOULD NOT BE used to control bleeding.

A. Head wounds.

Q. Bright red blood spurts from these types of blood vessel.

A. Arteries.

Q. True or false, "all bleeding stops."

A. True.

Q. This is an item found in the kitchen or bathroom that is frequently used to control bleeding.

A. Washcloth or towel.

## BANDAGING

Q. This part of a scout uniform can be used to make an arm sling.

A. Scout neckerchief.

Q. This type of bandage would be good for a sprained ankle.

A. Ace or elastic bandage.

Q. What problem can occur if a bandage on an arm or leg is too tight?

A. Compromised circulation (you may have created a tourniquet).

Q. This can be done to keep a bandaged finger or hand from hurting when bumped.

A. Make it big & well padded (reference = personal experience)

Q. True or False

All bandages should be kept clean, & dry with mustard instead of ketchup.

A. False.